

French - Curriculum Cycle / Progression of Skills & Knowledge / Phonics & Vocabulary - Emerald (Year 5 & 6) - Cycle B

	Cycle B - Term 1	Cycle B - Term 2	Cycle B - Term 3	Cycle B - Term 4	Cycle B - Term 5	Cycle B - Term 6
	Ma Famille	En Classe	Au Salon de Thé	Boucle d'Or Et Les Trois	La Date	Les Jeux Olympiques
	(My family)	(In the Classroom)	(At the Tea Room)	Ours (Goldilocks & The Three Bears)	(The date)	(The Olympic Games)
Learning Outcomes	I can say (with accurate pronunciation) and remember the nouns and the appropriate definite article for my family members I can say possessive adjectives I can understand that there are three words for 'my' I know when to use three words for 'my' I can ask and answer the question: 'Do you have any brothers or sisters?' I can understand that, if they are an only child, my answer will vary depending on whether I am a boy or a girl I can introduce my family members by saying what they are called. I can count up to 70 in French (with the opportunity of continuing to 100) I can say how old my family members are	I can identify and say 11 items of classroom stationery grouped by gender (masculine, feminine or plural) I can say 'j'ai' and 'je n'ai pas de' to say what I have and do not have in my pencil case I can understand and respond to a full range of classroom commands and instructions	I can use vocabulary for a range of drinks with article I can use vocabulary for a range of foods with article I can order something to eat and drink in a French café I can ask 'What do you eat for breakfast?' in a class survey I know typical snacks & drinks that can be ordered in a French café	I can develop my listening skills in French I can develop my understanding of the vocabulary presented in the story I can write my own version of the story following a structured storyboard approach	Quick revision of days of the week required I can say the months of the year I can correctly pronounce and spell the twelve months of the year I can listen, read and match vocabulary I can say the date in French 'quelle est la date aujourd'hui?' I can ask and answer the key question 'quand est ton anniversaire? I can create a French calendar	I can identify the history of the ancient Olympics; When it started? Why it started? Who competed? What did winners get? Why did the games stop? I can identify the background of the modern Olympic games; When they restarted and why? Who competed? What do winners get? Details regarding the Olympic rings, the Olympic flag, the Olympic torch and the Olympic flame. I can use the positive and negative when expressing if someone does or does not do a particular sport. I can use the grammar required to correctly use the verb 'faire' (to do) in respect of expressing if someone does or does not do a particular sport. I can identify famous Olympians and look at their nationalities as well as the sports they do.



Progression of Skills and Knowledge						
Speaking	Consolidate I can ask and answer questions on the current topic.	Practise I can engage in short scripted conversations.	Develop I can produce some short phrases independently (without written support) within a familiar topic, with good pronunciation.	Develop I can speak in longer sentences, learning to use particular sentence structures more flexibly to create own sentence.	Embed I can ask and answer simple questions on a few very familiar topics.	Assess I can ask and answer simple questions on a few very familiar topics.
Listening	Consolidate I can begin to show understanding of more complex sentences in 'authentic' conversation, picking out specific vocabulary.	Consolidate I can show understanding of more complex sentences in 'authentic' conversation, picking out specific vocabulary.	Practise I can listen to and show understanding of more complex sentences in 'authentic' conversation, picking out specific vocabulary.	Develop I can understand the main points of a short, spoken passage made up of a few familiar words and phrases, delivered slowly and clearly.	Embed I can understand a short passage made up of familiar words and basic phrases	Assess I can understand a short passage made up of familiar words and basic phrases
Reading	Introduce I can read and show understanding of more complex written phrases.	Consolidate I can read and show understanding of a piece of writing based on the current topic.	Practise I can read short passages and pull answer questions on what I have read.	Develop I can practise reading longer texts aloud, containing taught phrases and vocabulary.	Embed I can understand a short text made up of short sentences with familiar language on a familiar topic.	Assess I can use a dictionary or word list.
Writing	Introduce I can begin to use dictionaries to find the meaning of unknown words and to translate own ideas.	Consolidate I can use dictionaries to find the meaning of unknown words and to translate own ideas.	Practise I can adapt taught phrases to create new sentences	Develop I can write words, phrases and short simple sentences from my repertoire from memory with understandable spelling	Embed I can write words, phrases and short simple sentences from my repertoire from memory with understandable spelling	Assess I can write a short, simple text from memory, using simple sentences from one familiar topic with reasonable spelling
Grammar	<text><section-header></section-header></text>	Consolidate I can use all persons of several regular verbs in the present tense Embed To fully understand the role of ender and ployality in the choice of postessive adjectives in French. In regiever patients by for forces and the role of postessive adjectives in French. In regiever patients by for forces and the role of postessive adjectives in French. In regiever patients by for forces of the role of postessive adjectives in French. In regiever patients by for forces of the role of postessive adjectives in French. In regiever patients by for forces of the role of the regiever patients is a for force of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the role of the ro	Practise I can use all persons of several regular verbs in the present tense.	Develop I can use high- frequency verb forms, nouns, articles and adjectives Develop The determiner is in frgish has four versions in Frinch. This determiner is utten referred to as a definite article when isaming a foreign language. U () () () () Singular determiner for the word the language. Hurd determiner for the word the the big chair () () () () () () () () () (Embed I can use high- frequency verb forms, nouns, articles and adjectives to form simple sentences Develop To understand that days of the week and months of the year do not have capital letters unless they are at the start of a centence in Freech. Mujourd'hui c'est Jundi huit juillet. Tutty n & Munday for signer of Auty of the week Monday or the month of July in Freech.	Assess I can use high- frequency verb forms, nouns, articles and adjectives to form simple sentences

Phonics					
	i sound in: i fille sound in: in . cinq 5 . cinq 5 . cinquante 50 ille sound in: . famille Sound in: . famille Sound in: . famille Sound in: . unique Sound in: . unique . uniqu	 i sound in: i ljure calculatrice ciseaux ciseaux ciseaux reaction of the second of the second	in sound in: • cinquante • un sandwich • une limonade • une grenadine • une brjoche silent letters	i sound in: • lit sound in: • lit sound in: • fille & There are many last consorrant silent there is a many last consorrant is a direction is french. The final letters 's is silent in the words 'et' a ound in French is guttural 'r' 'rois and 'ours'.	e : eux : silen letter
Key Vocabulary	la mère = the mother/the mum la sœur = the sister la sœur aînée = the older sister la sœur cadette = the younger sister la grand-mère = the grandmother la tante = the auntlLe père = the father/the dadlLe frère = the brother le grand-père = the grandfather L'oncle = the uncle la belle-mère = the stepmother la demi-sœur = the stepsister/ half sister la cousine = the cousin (female) le beau-père = the stepfather le demi-frère = the stepbrother/half brother le cousin = the cousin (male) les parents = the parents les grands-parents = the grandparents mon = my (for singular masculine nouns) ma = my (for masculine	un livre = a reading book un cahier = an exercise book un bâton de colle = a glue stick un crayon = a pencil un stylo = a pen un taille-crayon = a sharpener un sac à dos = a rucksack une calculatrice = a calculator une règle = a ruler une trousse = a pencil case une gomme = a rubber des ciseaux = a pair of scissors Qu'est-ce qu'il y a dans ta trousse? = What do you have in your pencil case? Dans ma trousse = In my pencil case J'ai = I have et = and mon = my (masculine singular nouns) ma = my (masculine singular nouns) mes = my (plural nouns) Je n'ai pas de = I do not have J'ai un stylo. (I have a	un salon de thé = a tea room un croque-monsieur = a ham and cheese toastie un sandwich au jambon = a ham sandwich un sandwich au fromage = a cheese sandwich un croissant = a croissant un pain au chocolat = a pain au chocolat un café = a coffee un café au lait = a coffee with milk un thé = a tea un jus d'orange = an orange juice un coca-cola = a coca-cola un chocolat chaud = a hot chocolate une part de gâteau au chocolat = a slice of chocolate cake une part de quiche = a slice of quiche une brioche = a brioche une crêpe = a crepe une salade = a salad une omelette = an omelette une tartelette = a small tart une grenadine = a grenadine	Boucle d'or = Goldilocks les trois ours = the three bears Papa ours = father bear Maman ours = mother bear Bébé ours = baby bear une maison = a house le grand bol = the big bowl le moyen bol = the medium bowl le petit bol = the small bowl la grande chaise = the big chair la moyenne chaise = the medium chair la petite chaise = the small chair le grand lit = the big bed le moyen lit = the medium bed le petit lit = the small bed salé = salty sucré = sweet une forêt = a forest un ours a bear une maison a house une forêt a forest une	les jour the d lur ma mercre jeu ven sam dima Aujou jour? Aujou T Quel es Which dau Mon jou My fav Les ma jan févr ma septer octo nover
	AND feminine plural nouns)	pen)		promenade	



urs de la semaine = days of the week undi = Monday nardi = Tuesday credi = Wednesday eudi = Thursday endredi = Friday medi = Saturday nanche = Sunday ourd'hui c'est quel ? = What day is it today? ourd'hui c'est... = Today it is... est ton jour préféré? ch is your favourite ay of the week? our préféré, c'est le… avourite day of the week is... nois = The monthsnvier = January vrier = February mars = March avril = April mai = May juin = June juillet = July août = August embre = September tobre = October embre = November



les jeux olympiques = Olympic Games l'escrime = fencing le triathlon = triathalon l'équitation = horse riding le tir à l'arc = archery la natation = swimming la boxe = boxing le plongeon = diving l'aviron = rowing le cyclisme = cycling l'athlétisme = athletics recommencé = start again était = was connait = knows faire = to do a sport revivre = relive peuvent = canparticiper = participate est = is présenté = present formé = shape modernes = modern différents = different en argent = in silver bleu = blue noir = black rouge = red jaune = yellow vert = green les Jeux = games la cérémonie = ceremony le Stade Panathénïque = Panathenaic stadium les vainqueurs = winners

As-tu des frères et sœurs ?	Je n'ai pas de stylo. (I do	une limonade = a	a walk	décembre = December
= Do you have any brothers	not have any pen)	lemonade	une fille	
or		Bonjour! = Hello!	a girl	un = one
sisters?		Je voudrais = I would	maman	deux = two
Oui! = yes!		like	mum	trois = three
J'ai un frère = I have a		s'il vous plaît = please	trois = three	quatre = four
brother.		et = and	habitant = lived	cinq = five
J'ai une sœur I have a sister		Vous désirez? = What	dans = in	six = six
J'ai deux frères = I have two		would you like?	une = a (feminine)	sept = seven
brothers.		L'addition s'il vous plaît. =	jour = day	huit = eight
J'ai deux sœurs = I have two		the bill please.	un = a (masculine)	neuf = nine
sisters.		merci = thank you	était = was	dix = ten
Non! = No!		Au revoir! = Goodbye!	chaude = hot	onze = eleven
Je suis fils unique = I am an		un centime = one cent	allés = went	douze = twelve
only child (boy).		deux centimes = two cents	la soupe = soup	treize = thirteen
Je suis fille unique. =		cinq centimes = five cents	un salon = a living room	quatorze = fourteen
I am an only child (girl)		dix centimes = ten cents	un lit = a bed	quinze = fifteen
dix = 10		vingt centimes = 20 cents	rentrés = returned	seize = sixteen
vingt = 20		cinquante centimes = 50	gouté = tasted	dix-sept = seventeen
= 30		cents	crié = shouted	dix-huit = eighteen
= 40		un euro = one euro	toujours = always	dix-neuf = nineteen
= 50		deux euros = two euros	elle = she	vingt = twenty
= 60		cinq euros = five euros	ils = they	vingt-et-un = twenty-one
= 70		dix euros = ten euros	papa = dad	vingt-deux = twenty-two
trente		vingt euros = twenty euros	bébé = baby	vingt-trois = twenty-three
quarante		cinquante euros = fifty		vingt-quatre = twenty-four
cinquante		euros		vingt-cinq = twenty-five
soixante		Unit - Au salon de thé		vingt-six = twenty-six
soixante-dix		Page 24		vingt-sept = twenty-seven
quatre-vingts = 80		cent euros = a hundred		vingt-huit = twenty-eight
quatre-vingt-dix = 90		euros		vingt-neuf = twenty-nine
cent = 100		deux cent euros = two		trente = thirty
vingt-et-un = 21		hundred euros		trente-et-un = thirty-one
trente-et-un = 31		cinq cent euros = five		
quarante-et-un = 41		hundred euros		Quelle est la date
cinquante-et-un= 51				aujourd'hui? = What is the
soixante-et-un = 61				date today?
soixante-et-onze = 71				Aujourd'hui c'est =
Quel âge as-tu? = How old				Today it is
are you?				
J'ai ans = I am years				C'est quand ton
old.				anniversaire? = When is
Quel âge a? =				your birthday?
How old is?				Mon anniversaire est le
[Il/elle] a ans = He/she is				= My birthday is the
years old.				

l'éducation physique = physical education la médaille la flame = gold medal une torche = torch il est athlète = he is an athlete elle est athlète = she is an athlete il est cycliste = he is a cyclist elle est cycliste = she is a cyclist il est boxeur = he is a boxer elle est boxeuse = she is a boxer il est nageur = he is a swimmer elle est nageuse = she is a swimmer il est plongeur = he is a diver elle est plongeuse = she is a diver il est escrimeur = he is a fencer elle est escrimeuse = she is a fencer il est rameur = he is a rower elle est rameuse = she is a rower il est archer = he is an archer elle est archère = she is an archer il est cavalier = he is an equestrian elle est cavalière = she is an equestrian