

Behaviour Policy

Reviewed by staff: Sept 2024 Approved by Governing Board – Sept 2024 Next Review: Sept 2025

PRINCIPLES

- 1. Every pupil, understands they have the right to feel safe, valued and respected, and to learn free from the disruption of others
- 2. Every member of staff and of the school community has the right to feel safe, valued and respected by others
- 3. All pupils, staff and visitors are free from any form of discrimination
- 4. Staff and volunteers set an excellent example to pupils at all times
- 5. The use of rewards, consequences and reasonable force will be consistent, in line with the Behaviour Policy & Anti-Bullying Policy
- 6. The Behaviour Policy & Anti-Bullying Policy is understood by pupils and staff
- 7. This policy explains that exclusions will only be used as a last resort, and outlines the processes involved in permanent and fixed-term exclusions
- 8. Pupils are helped to understand what pro-social and pro-learning behaviour looks like and take responsibility for their actions
- 9. Families are involved in behaviour incidents to foster good relationships between the school and pupils' home life

Children learn best in a calm and positive environment, and we want all staff and children to feel secure and happy in a school which is fair, friendly, fulfilling and fun.

Behaviour principles reviewed & approved by Governors

Alfriston School - Equality Statement

Alfriston School recognises that everyone is different and special owing to varying needs and cultures. We treat all differences positively, recognising that diversity creates a collaborative, creative and understanding school, where everyone is included to do lots of different things and have lots of different experiences.

Written by the children of Alfriston School

This is reflected in our Equality Policy and Objectives and in our vision to be 'Fair, Friendly, Fulfilling and Fun'.

AIMS

- To encourage children to take responsibility for themselves and others and for moderating their own behaviour;
- To support children to become independent learners, motivated by their natural curiosity about the world in which they live in;
- To have a consistent approach to behaviour throughout the school with parental cooperation and involvement;
- To encourage a calm, purposeful and happy atmosphere within school in which children are safe;
- To help our children develop into caring and thoughtful individuals who respect and value the feelings, opinions, beliefs, property and the differences of others;
- To work alongside parents to encourage our children to develop socially, academically, orally and spiritually in preparation for a positive role in society;
- To ensure that everyone is clear about their role when managing a child's behaviour.
- To teach our children what pro-social and pro-learning behaviour looks like and to make our children aware of unacceptable behaviour;
- To support children to understand the consequences of their actions, where appropriate, in accordance with this policy.

We hope to achieve these aims in a number of ways:

- Through the atmosphere and example which is created by all adults within the school;
- By rewarding children for showing and promoting pro-social and pro-learning behaviour through a variety of means;
- By using the 'Empowerment Approach' because we believe that high expectations and high support enables a child to achieve;
- Through work within the curriculum, in particular in PSHE lessons;
- By ensuring all adults understand the behavioural expectations and the importance of maintaining them - all new staff are inducted clearly into our school's behaviour culture, including regular ongoing development, support and training, to ensure they understand its rules and routines and how best to support all pupils to participate in creating the culture of the school;
- By there being a calm, firm and consistent approach throughout the school;
- By involving parents or carers;
- By being committed to inclusion and using reasonable adjustments when necessary to ensure no child is disadvantaged and so reaches their potential;
- By the use of a multi-agency approach, accessing professional support when necessary;
- To investigate causes of persistent poor behaviour and address underlying issues, being sensitive to other experiences in a child's life;
- By encouraging our children to see themselves as part of a whole school community and recognising their responsibility within this;
- Offering a broad and balanced curriculum that is well planned, prepared and stimulating.





Life Value: Independent Cat

Through our curriculum, we provide opportunities for all children to be independent learners with high aspirations. Pupils of all abilities and social backgrounds are given the opportunity to achieve. Every child is recognised as a unique individual.

OUR VISION - CURRICULUM INTENT

We have high aspirations for all of our children to be safe, happy, confident, responsible and knowledgeable individuals who can learn at their best. We delight in equipping all children to achieve personal success, make meaningful connections and develop a lifelong love of learning. Every child feels valued and cared for – they have a sense of belonging and are proud of their achievements.

Our curriculum not only uses our beautiful location to enrich the learning of our children but is also outward looking so that they are respectful global citizens.

'Fair, Friendly, Fulfilling & Fun!'



Life Value: Creative Spider

We have a diverse and creative curriculum, providing a wide range of first hand experiences and extra-curricular activities. We celebrate the individuality of all our learners, giving them the confidence to express themselves. We provide a safe and supportive environment in which they can find different ways to deepen their learning.

> Kind Hands Kind Feet Kind Words Kind Everything

ALFRISTON SCHOOL



Life Value: Curious Meerkat

Our curriculum is designed to enable children to become critical thinkers and develop a thirst for new experiences. We encourage children to develop their questioning skills in order to build on prior learning and deepen their knowledge.



Life Value: Determined Tortoise

Our curriculum provides breadth, depth and challenge. We model the importance of resilience, encouraging children to embrace mistakes as part of learning and development. We motivate each child to believe that they can persevere in order to meet their own potential.

Our 'Vision – Curriculum Intent' and 'Life Values' apply throughout the day and within every area of school life. They work alongside 'Our School Charter'. Both were produced with the children and they are regularly discussed with each class. They are also supported across our school curriculum and in assemblies and school events. In this way, every child knows the standard of behaviour that we expect by being part of our school.

Our School Charter

- We have the right to feel good and be able to do our best learning in school.
- We have the responsibility to make sure the people around us also feel good and can learn at their best.
- We have high expectations for ourselves and everyone around us.

For this to happen, we have agreed on these four principles of pro-social and pro-learning behaviour that everyone needs to follow:

ALFRISTON SCHOOL

- 1. Respond to others calmly and with kindness ("Kind Hands, Kind Feet, Kind Words, Kind Everything")
- 2. Make sure what we say and do helps us and those around us to learn ("Is it good for me and good for everyone?")
- 3. Take turns to speak and listen to others
- 4. Look after equipment and resources with care

The Positive Impact if I do this will be:

- 1. People will feel safe around me
- 2. People will enjoy being around me and want to spend time in my company
- 3. I will feel good about myself as a learner
- 4. I will feel good about myself as a friend and a pro-social member of the class and school

This is likely to help me become a confident, happy and successful member of the class and school.

The Negative Impact it may have if I don't manage to keep to these agreed ways of working:

- 1. Other people won't be able to learn and achieve as well as they could
- 2. I will not learn and achieve well
- 3. Others will not feel so safe and happy around me
- 4. Others might not be so keen to spend time with me

This may lead to me not feeling so good about myself and not doing so well in class or at school.

- I know I will be supported and have extra practice and coaching times so I get better at the things I find hard. Adults will help me and I know I will have to work hard too.
- Before my skills improve with practice, I know I may have to learn in a different space so that others in the class feel safe and can learn.
- We are learning about the brain and know that some people in the class will find keeping to Charter more difficult and we will support them to get there. These children may need special things to help them and extra support from adults and other children in the class. They may have to work in a different space until they can manage but we will still have high expectations for them.
- Each class devises their own Class Charter that everyone understands and agrees, based on the four principles of our School Charter these are displayed in the classroom to be referred to, when necessary.

Teaching and promoting pro-social and pro-learning behaviour

All children contribute and learn about our whole school values and vision, alongside our School Charter. In term 1, each class devise their own rules for their classroom in conjunction with the four principles of our whole school charter; this is their Class Charter. Our PSHE curriculum 'Let's Talk' lessons teach the children resilience and gives them the tools to tackle life's challenges with curiosity and confidence.

When the children start in the Early Years, and as the children move up through the school, the main focus is teaching the children about having 'Kind Hands, Kinds Feet, Kind Words, Kind Everything', and using the phrase 'Is it good for me and good for everyone?' Extra practice and individual /group coaching is used as situations arise for immediate learning of the expected behaviour. Flashcards are also used to embed expectations in Early Years and then throughout the school for individual children, as required, as a teaching tool and visual reminder. The focus is on positive behaviours and using role models to teach the children how to make good choices and to develop their emotional regulation.

In the EYFS class, Key Stage 1 class (Years 1 and 2) and Lower Key Stage 2 class (Years 3 and 4), this same focus and approach is used along with a whole class visual display called the 'Rainbow' approach. The children start on the 'Sun' in the morning and they can be moved up towards the 'Rainbow' and 'Treasure Chest' to recognise a child's efforts to role model pro-social and pro-learning behaviours. If a child does not follow the expectations of the Class Charter then an adult uses coaching, as set out below in the 'Empowerment Approach'. This means that a child always has the chance to change their behaviour and be at their best, moving up the visual display.

When the children move into the Upper Key Stage 2 class (Years 5 and 6), we continue to emphasise and remind the children of our whole school expectations via the Class Charter using positive praise and coaching, if necessary.

Acknowledging and praising pro-social and pro-learning behaviour

The most effective method of promoting good behaviour is by recognising it in the children. This is maintained, encouraged and promoted daily.

The children may be rewarded by:

- ✓ moving up the 'Rainbow' in class, for EYFS, KS1 and LKS2 children (as explained in the section above)
- ✓ giving deserved/specific praise from any adult or child (we use verbal praise and silent gestures such as a smile, thumbs up or a nod)
- ✓ feedback in children's books
- ✓ house points, with the leading team each week announced in Friday celebration assembly
- ✓ celebration of achievements (in and out of school) with class or in assembly
- ✓ receiving a 'terrific text'
- ✓ receiving a sticker
- ✓ certificates given on Friday in celebration assembly
- \checkmark cups and trophies
- ✓ feedback to other adults, especially parents or carers
- ✓ star of the week
- \checkmark earning class reward or table reward towards a treat
- ✓ visit to another member of staff to show good work

✓ sharing our learning assemblies/presentations

House Points & House Captains

Alfriston Primary School has adopted a house system which fosters a sense of belonging and identity in our school. Children will be in one of three houses:

- Cuckmere (blue)
- Exceat (red)
- ➢ Windover (green)

Children are rewarded for pro-social and pro-learning behaviours (as set out in our School/Class Charter, vision and values), including:

- being kind
- being polite and friendly
- being helpful
- working hard and trying our best

Children in year 6 can apply for the position of House Captain and all children and staff vote according to who they feel would be the best role models for the school. These positions are seen as very important and special in our school and come with roles and responsibilities. The House Captains present our weekly celebration assembly, they hold House Meetings and they motivate their House Team during House Competitions and events.

Star of the Week & Certificates

Every week each teacher chooses a child from each year group in their class to be Star of the Week. Awardees are announced with the reason/s why they have been chosen and presented with a badge in celebration assembly.

Certificates are also awarded during celebration assembly for any child who has displayed a Life Value that week or a specific achievement, eg. displaying kindness, courtesy, reaching their target, learning a skill, competing in a sports event.

Parents and carers, and the extended family are also invited to attend the assembly to help celebrate.

Children are also encouraged to bring in and share any out of school achievements so that this can be celebrated and certificates given, eg. music exam.

Terrific Text

Any staff member may ask for the school office to send a 'Terrific Text' to parents/carers during the school day. This needs to be for a very clear and specific reason.

Cups and Trophies

The House Points Cup is awarded to the House Captain of the winning House that week during celebration assembly. There is also a House shield which displays the winning House team for any House Competition that has happened during the school year.

Class Rewards

Classes also operate a marble in a jar which works towards a reward for the whole class. No child is excluded from whole class rewards.

Expectations around the school building

Children must walk while in the school building, keep left and move around quietly and sensibly. They are expected to hold doors open for adults and let them pass.

All members of staff must be responsible for all children and their behaviour in and around the school, acknowledging good behaviour and ensuring high expectations in line with our school policy.

Expectations of behaviour in assembly

All children are to have an agreed assembly order, which promotes good behaviour and listening and reduces the likelihood of not managing our expectations.

Led by a member of staff, children are expected to leave the classroom calmly and quietly and enter the hall in silence.

On leaving assembly, children should remain calm and quiet until they enter the classroom/playground.

Expectations in the playground

Playground Rules

- We look after each other and use equipment safely
- We show kindness and respect to everyone
- We have 'Kind hands and Kind feet' and do not allow rough play
- We line up sensibly and walk quietly into school
- We ask children on their own to join in with our games
- Rudeness, name calling and bad language is not allowed

The Gazebo is a quiet area with the following rules:

- No running in and around the gazebo
- No climbing on the benches
- No sitting in the window frames
- No leaning out of the window frames
- No graffiti

The Stage is an area for performing, including singing, dancing and acting with the following rules:

- No running on the stage
- No climbing on back or the sides
- No graffiti
- Children must ask to enter the building or to go to the toilet. This ensures that staff are aware of where children are.
- At the end of play signal, children are expected to acknowledge that it is the end of break, stop what they are doing and walk calmly and quietly to their class lines on the playground. The class teacher will come out onto the playground to collect their class. The children are expected to walk sensibly and silently with their teacher all the way into their classrooms.

 At the end of Sapphire and Emerald Class lunch break, the children are expected to sensibly carry any equipment they are holding and place it by the playground shed, before quietly lining up. The Play Leaders in charge of the playground equipment will put the equipment away with a member of staff on duty supervising.

The activity trail, artificial grass or grass area is not to be used before or after school. No playground equipment is to be used before or after school to ensure the safety of the parents and other children.

There will be no playground equipment available at morning break time. At this time, children are expected to use imaginative play and create games together. Staff on duty and teachers in class will help children to suggest suitable games and encourage physical activity.

Children are not to go under the conifer trees along the fence unless an adult has given permission, for example to bring out any playground equipment that has accidentally got caught under the trees. The yellow grit box is not to be climbed on or used as a slide. No trees are to be climbed or swung on.

No-one must use our school playground after school hours or in the evenings, weekends or holidays. This is trespassing and if reported to the school, the police will be involved.

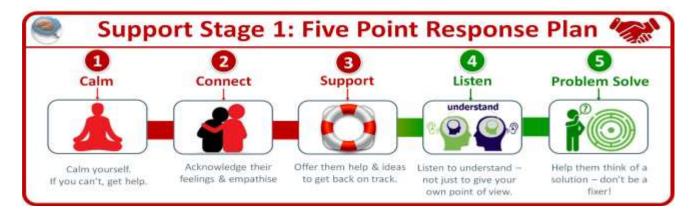
What happens if a child doesn't/ children don't manage to keep to our expectations?

We use the 'Empowerment Approach' because we believe that high expectations and high support enables a child to achieve.

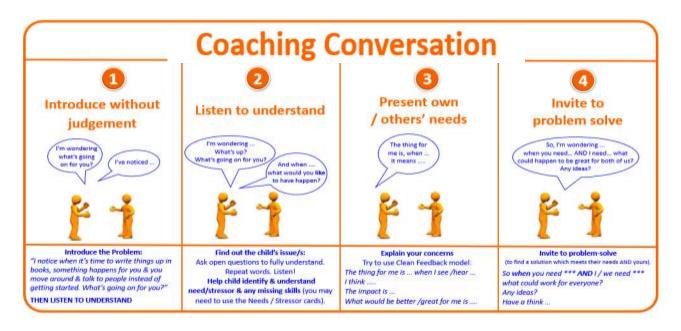
The member of staff will refer to the expectation and give a reminder. They may also use phrases, such as: 'Is it good for me? Good for you? Good for everybody?' and the member of staff giving a clear explanation or reason (eg. this isn't good for everybody because we can't all hear the story). The member of staff may then give a suggestion (maximum of two choices) to support the child/children to reach expectations.

If the child is still not managing to meet the expectations, even after the reminder and this support then the child will be given the following one to one support:

<u>Support Stage One</u>: Adult uses the '5 Point Response Plan' to get child back on track and remind them of the needs of others. The focus will be on regulation, protecting self-esteem, developing emotional intelligence and collaborative problem-solving.



<u>Support Stage Two</u>: The adult uses a coaching conversation when a child hasn't met the expectations agreed using a method that empowers and preserves a child's positive self-concept.



<u>Support Stage Three</u>: Child given limited choice of space away from main group as decided by the adult.

<u>Support Stage Four</u>: If a child's actions are still stopping others from learning or putting others at risk, it isn't appropriate for the child to remain in the class/on the playground/in assembly/in the corridors. Therefore, a member of staff will ensure that, if this happens during lesson time, they will go and work in another place or they will be taken off the playground or taken out of the situation. The intention will be to secure the best achievement for all children – the child and the other children.

<u>Support Stage Five</u>: For severe breaches of discipline (such as: violence towards pupils or an adult, dangerous behaviour, extreme insolence, swearing or disrespect) the child is sent to a member of the senior leadership team. Children should be escorted by a member of staff (an extra adult may be required for assistance and so the walkie-talkie is used, if necessary, to alert for help). The child's parent/carer is informed so that the behaviour is closely monitored and there is support both at home and at school to help the child to improve their behaviour.

A referral to an outside agency may be made. This is to an intervention to support the family and explore outreach services.

How staff teach children how to deal with conflict

Our aim is to help children to learn skills they need to manage conflicts, through guidance and modelling. This could mean that it may be necessary to encourage a child to be assertive and say/sign "no" clearly, say, "I don't like it when you…" We also model sharing by using language/approaches like, "Please can I have a turn?" and children using timers and saying, "You can have it next." A member of staff will not force a child to say sorry. However, if a child has hurt another, even if it was unintentional, the adult will ask them to find a way to help the other child feel better. This may involve saying sorry, comforting the other child/checking if they are alright or working/playing positively together. The member of staff will notice this positive resolution and praise it rather than walking away too soon. This avoids a situation where a child expresses a grudging "sorry" and helps them to empathise with others and teach them to be proactive if a conflict like this were to arise again.

Peace Conferences – Group Coaching

A 'Peace Conference' encourages the child to move through the process of tackling behaviour they don't find acceptable to themselves. It needs adult support and it does take time. It is appropriate for incidents between children. The process of a 'Peace Conference' is as follows:

In the case of dispute, the complainer comes to an adult with a complaint about another child's behaviour. Depending on the level of anger, it may be appropriate to sit at a table. All children are encouraged to speak in a normal voice for volume and speed.

The other child is called over by the adult but the complainer must tell the child 1) What they are complaining about. 2) Why and how it upsets them.

The other child is not allowed to speak until they have finished. They then have the right to reply and the adult facilitates the conversation. As far as possible, the adult avoids making judgements.

If the children agree on what has happened, either the victim with the adult's help decides what should happen next i.e. The child is given a few choices of consequences) or the children decide together.

In most cases, the children do not agree on what has happened. In which case, one or more of the following is appropriate:

1) The children can call witnesses for their viewpoint. Witnesses give their side of the story without interruption but the other child always has the right of reply.

2) The children can be told to sit together until they agree on what has happened.

3) If necessary, the children may be separated and witnesses interviewed separately.

If no agreement is reached and the situation is unclear (ie. The adult has not seen the incident or there is no consensus among the witnesses), the adult gives a decision which will calm things down – either attributing blames equally or none at all.

Social, Emotional, Mental & Health Needs (SEMH)

In the case of children identified as having SEMH needs, the school, acting in partnership with the parents of the child concerned, will use an APDR. This plan will be designed to deliver improvements in the child's behaviour over a specified period of time. While this may involve a more sensitive interpretation of this policy during the duration of the support plan, unacceptable behaviour will not be allowed to remain unacknowledged.

We use nurture and arts and play-based activities with children to support healthy neural development, promote a positive sense of self and build optimal learning capacity. We aim to continually deepen our understanding of how social and emotional learning develops and can be supported and how this underpins our capacity and availability for wider academic learning. We recognise this is core to our work as a school.

Our school environment, resources, learning approaches, timetable and planning are all informed by our understanding of how importantly each impacts on social, emotional and academic development and learning.

We recognise that behaviours can be learned and within our cognitive awareness, but also that they can be unconscious, patterned, defence or discharge responses and might feel overwhelming. Attentive, observant adults working in relationship with children are required in order to recognise behaviours, identify the underlying needs and respond in appropriate ways.

We are very clear that everyone has the right to feel safe, feel special and to have their needs met. Therefore, our Behaviour Policy reflects the deeper, important social and emotional learning that each child needs to develop, both personally and within our community, where consistent containment aims to ensure that one individual's need and learning does not adversely impact on another's.

Being able to understand, regulate and manage emotions, to apply thinking between feeling (sensation and emotion) and action, and to increasingly show empathy and understanding to others is core to our learning.

We aim to enable pupils to experience challenges, succeed in their learning and have a sense that learning can be fun and relevant to their lives; to become independent, self-aware learners – socially, emotionally and academically, to be enthusiastic and foster a willingness to take risks.

From the earliest opportunity, pupils will be encouraged to build tolerance, make good choices and take responsibility, in readiness for them taking their place in society.

Gaining a sense of pride and building self-awareness through planned and incidental social and emotional learning and positive experiences is part of the ethos of our school.

Our school's 'Mental Health & Emotional Wellbeing Policy' explains this area in more detail.

Children with an APDR and/or at risk of exclusion

Children must always be set behaviour expectations which they are able to fulfil. In severe cases, this may mean adapting the school's expectations while the child gradually improves their behaviour as there will be some children who require a more sensitive and differentiated approach. The emphasis should be on preventing unacceptable behaviour through specified provision.

However, it is imperative that children are protected from the consequences of another child's difficulty with behaviour. Their work should not be affected and they should feel safe.

There should always be consequences for unacceptable behaviour. However, being seen as being punitive is likely to have a negative effect on children with behaviour difficulties and this should be borne in mind while deciding suitable consequences. The aim should always be to enter into dialogue with the child so he/she understands why such behaviour is unacceptable and agreeing with the child how best to address it.

Consequences of severe unacceptable behaviour may include:

Removal from the playground/dining hall to have separate break/lunch times;

Removal from the classroom to learn separately from others or in a different class due to disruption;

Fixed term exclusion;

Permanent exclusion.

In this school, fixed term and permanent exclusion is used only when the child is beyond control or there is a risk to personal safety of adults or children or when there is a likelihood of damage to property. Other forms of exclusion may be used when there is sufficient challenge to the authority of adults in the school. The headteacher assisted by the senior management team will make this decision.

The school follows the East Sussex County Council (ESCC) Exclusions Guidance September 2017, which is <u>supplementary</u> to, and followed in conjunction with, the DfE Guidance "Exclusion from Maintained Schools, Academies and Pupil Referral Units in England" – which came into effect in September 2017. All decisions about exclusion are made with reference to the DfE guidance which outlines statutory responsibilities.

All external exclusions will be notified to East Sussex County Council and the Chair of Governors.

Behaviour Incidents Online

Behaviour incidents online, directed towards or posted by, specific members of the community, will not be tolerated at Alfriston School. Even though the online space differs in many ways, the same standards of behaviour are expected online as apply offline. Everyone is expected to be treated with kindness, respect and dignity.

Inappropriate online behaviour including bullying, the use of inappropriate language, the soliciting and sharing of nude or semi-nude images and videos and sexual harassment will be addressed in accordance with the same principles as offline behaviour, including following the child protection policy and speaking to the designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) when an incident raises a safeguarding concern. See our Anti-Bullying Policy for more information and our procedures for dealing with a reported incident of bullying.

If appropriate, the school will report it to the appropriate organisations, including contacting the police if we suspect a criminal offence has been committed.

Mobile Phones and other Electronic Devices

Pupils at Alfriston School are prohibited from bringing a mobile phone or any other electronic device (eg. ipad, tablet) into school. If there is a genuine reason as to why a pupil needs to bring a mobile phone into school, then the child's parent/carer must contact the school office in advance.

Child-on-Child Sexual Violence & Sexual Harassment

The school has zero-tolerance approach to child-on-child abuse and sexual harassment.

The school will never normalise sexually abusive language or behaviour by treating it as 'banter', an inevitable fact of life or an expected part of growing up. Sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable and it will not be tolerated. All staff know the importance of challenging all inappropriate language and behaviour between pupils.

Examples may include; non-consensual sharing of sexual images and videos, sexualised online bullying, online coercion and threats, unwanted sexual comments/behaviour and messages on social media, and online sexual exploitation.

All victims will be reassured they will be supported, kept safe, and are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward. Abuse that occurs online or outside of the school will not be downplayed and will be treated equally seriously. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment. Nor will a victim ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report or their experience minimised.

In instances where reports of sexual abuse or harassment are proven to be deliberately invented or malicious, the school will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate for the individual who made it.

All reports of sexual violence and sexual harassment between children will be taken very seriously and reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead who will deal with the incident, on a case-by-case basis, with the support of other agencies, such as Children's Social Care and the police, as required. This is in line with our Child Protection & Safeguarding policy.

Pupils' conduct outside the school gates

Our School Charter and this behaviour policy will equally apply in response to all noncriminal, poor behaviour and bullying anywhere off the school premises (witnessed by a staff member or reported to our staff) when a child is taking part in any school-organised or school related activity.

Use of Reasonable Force

The physical management of pupils will be avoided wherever possible and will only be used as a last resort to ensure the safety of the child, other children or staff. 'Use of reasonable force - Advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies,' July 2013 states that all members of school staff have a legal power to use reasonable force.

The school follows the 'East Sussex County Council Restrictive Physical Intervention/Use of Reasonable Force Guidance – For settings, schools and colleges'. This can be found on the East Sussex County Council website, alternatively please contact the school office for a copy.

Searching and Confiscation

Searching can play a critical role in ensuring that schools are safe environments for all pupils and staff. It is a vital measure to safeguard and promote staff and pupil welfare, and to maintain high standards of behaviour through which pupils can learn and thrive

The Headteacher and members of the leadership team have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have a prohibited item or item that the school rules identify as an item that can be searched for. Prohibited items and banned items for which a search can be made are:

- knives or weapons
- alcohol
- illegal drugs
- stolen items
- tobacco and cigarette papers
- fireworks
- pornographic images
- any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used:
 - o to commit an offence, or
 - to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil).
- solvents
- glue
- prescribed or over the counter medicines
- e-cigarettes or vapes

The school follows the Department for Education Searching, Screening and Confiscation advice for schools – please <u>click here</u> for more information.

Please also see our Drug, Alcohol and Tobacco Education Policy.