Music - progression of skills & knowledge

Opportunities to recognise and apply the inter-related dimensions of music run throughout each strand and our scheme of work.

These are shown using pink font in this document.

LISTENING AND EVALUATING				
	EYFS	Year 1 / 2	Year 3 / 4	Year 5 / 6
Listening and responding to music	 Listening appropriately to someone leading a short musical phrase, song or rhyme. Exploring spontaneous movement with different parts of their body in response to music. Expressing different spontaneous emotional reactions to music, (smiling, movement, 	 Listening with concentration to short pieces of music or excerpts from longer pieces of music. Engaging with and responding to longer pieces of music. Coordinating the speed of their movements to match the speed of the music (not the beat). Beginning to move in time with the beat of the music. Beginning to keep movements to the beat of different speeds of music. Confidently moving in time with the beat of the music when modelled. Beginning to articulate how a piece of music affects them (e.g it makes them feel sleepy, it makes them want to dance, it makes them happy). 	Explaining their preferences for a piece of music using musical vocabulary.	 Understanding the impact music has on them and starting to articulate the reasons for this effect using musical vocabulary.

	body language). Using artwork or creative play as a way of expressing feelings and responses to music.	to the music or a personal		
Analysing	Identifying and imitating sounds from a variety of music. Considering whether background music and sound effects can enhance storytelling.	 Identifying some common instruments when listening to music. Relating sounds in music to real-world experiences. (e.g. it sounds like squelching mud). Recognising simple patterns and repetition in rhythm. (e.g. where a pattern of beats is repeated). Recognising simple patterns and repetition in pitch (e.g. do re mi). Talking about the tempo of music using the vocabulary of fast and slow. Talking about the dynamics of the music, using the vocabulary of loud, quiet and silent. Talking about the pitch of music, using the vocabulary of high and low. 	 Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary (Indian, classical, Chinese, Battle Songs, Ballads, Jazz). Understanding that music from different parts of the world has different features. Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary. Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through movement. Beginning to show an awareness of metre. Recognising the use and development of motifs in music. 	 Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary. (South African, West African, Musical, Theatre, Blues, Dance Remix.). Representing the features of a piece of music using graphic notation, and colours, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. Discussing musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles. Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts (Pop art, Film music).

			 Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo changes within a piece of music. Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions of music. Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music. Identifying scaled dynamics (crescendo/decrescendo) within a piece of music. Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music. 	 Representing changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. Identifying the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect.
Evaluating	Showing preferences for certain music or sounds.	 Stating what they enjoyed about their peers' performances. Giving positive feedback relating to the tempo of practices and performances using the vocabulary of fast and slow. Giving positive feedback related to the dynamics of practices and performances, using the vocabulary of loud, quiet and silent. 	Using musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.	 Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary. Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music. Evaluating how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds. Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and

				evaluate their own and others work.
Cultural and historical awareness of music	Listening to music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.	Appreciating music from a wide variety of cultures and historical periods.	 Understanding that music from different times has different features. Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary. 	 Confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music and explaining how these have developed over time. Discussing musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles.

CREATING SOUND				
	EYFS	Year 1 / 2	Year 3 / 4	Year 5 / 6
Singing repertoire	Singing short, rhythmic rhymes and songs.	 Singing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory. Practising singing songs with a wider pitch range (e.g. pentatonic melodies) which is gradually getting higher or lower. Competently singing songs or short phrases with a 	Singing longer songs in a variety of musical styles from memory.	Singing songs in two or more secure parts from memory.

Singing technique	 Using both speaking a singing voices. Unconscio beginning sing to the pulse of a song. Exploring vowel sour through call and response activities. 	 times when singing. Exploring changing their singing voice in different ways. Adapting their singing voice to be loud or soft at the direction of a leader. Singing a range of call and response songs, matching 	 Singing with the ability to control breathing. Singing with accuracy, control, fluency and a developing sense of expression including control of subtle dynamic changes. 	 Singing with good control of breathing throughout. Modifying tone of voice when singing, appropriately to the style of the song. Singing with greater accuracy, fluency, control and expression, including control of subtle dynamic changes and tempo changes.
Instruments	 Exploring different wof making so with everyobjects an instrument Exploring different wof holding a range of instrument Starting to show a preference 	the way an instrument is held. Developing an awareness of how dynamics are affected by the force with which an instrument is played. Learning to use instruments to follow the beat by first observing and then mimicking the teacher's modelling. Using instruments	Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with accuracy and control and developing instrumental technique.	Playing a simple chord progression with accuracy and fluency.

	a dominant hand when playing instruments. Using instruments expressively to music. Using instruments to begin to follow a beat, with guidance.	soundscapes which convey a sense of place. Using bilateral and handeye co-ordination to play/hold instruments using both hands. Starting to understand how to produce different sounds on pitched instruments.		
Posture	Finding a comfortable static position when playing instruments or singing.	Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.	Showing confidence when using their voice.	Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance.

NOTATION

In Key Stage 1, we introduce musical notation more gradually. This will help pupils understand notation as a way to communicate pitch and duration of notes before they start learning more about staff notation in Key Stage 2.

	EYFS	Year 1 / 2	Year 3 / 4	Year 5 / 6
Understanding notation	n/a	Reading different types of notation by moving eyes from left to right as sound occurs.	To understand that 'reading' music means using how the written note symbols look and their position to know what notes to play.	To know that simple pictures can be used to represent the structure (organisation) of music.

		To know that notation is read from left to right.	To know that 'performance directions' are words added to music notation to tell the performers how to play.	 To understand that in written staff notation, notes can go on or between lines, and that the lines show the pitch of the note. To know that 'graphic notation' means writing music down using your choice of pictures or symbols but 'staff notation' means music written more formally on the special lines called 'staves'. To know that chord progressions are represented in music by Roman numerals.
Representing pitch	Developing an awareness of high and low through pictorial representations of sound.	 To know that in all pictorial representations of music, representations further up the page are higher sounds and those further down are lower sounds. Recognising pitch patterns using dots. Using a simplified version of a stave (only three lines) to notate known musical phrases (of two pitches). 	 Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols using musical terminology. Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions. 	 Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies. Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating the interrelated dimensions of music. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation.

Representing rhythm	Developing an awareness of how simple marks or objects can show single beats and single beat rests.	 Using pictorial representations to stay in time with the pulse when singing or playing. Confidently reading simple rhythmic patterns comprising of one beat sounds (crotchets) and one beat rests (crotchet rests). Beginning to read simple rhythmic patterns which include two half beats (quavers). To know that pictorial representations of rhythm show sounds and rests. 	 Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols using musical terminology. Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions. 	 Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies. Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating the interrelated dimensions of music. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation.
---------------------	---	---	---	--

IMPROVISING AND COMPOSING				
	EYFS	Year 1 / 2	Year 3 / 4	Year 5 / 6
Stimulus and purpose	Exploring and imitating sounds from their environment and in	Creating sound responses to a variety of physical stimuli such as, nature, artwork and stories.	Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments.	Composing a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and Instruments.

Improvising	response to events in stories. • Exploring and imitating sounds.	Improvising simple question and answer phrases, using untuned percussion or voices.	 Beginning to improvise musically within a given style using their voice. Beginning to improvise musically within a given style using an instrument. 	Improvising coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features.
Creating and selecting sounds	 Experimenting with creating sound in different ways using instruments, body percussion and voices. Selecting classroom objects to use as instruments. Selecting sounds that make them feel a certain way or remind them of something. 	different sounds using a single instrument. Experimenting with creating loud, soft, high and low sounds. Selecting objects and/or instruments to create sounds to represent a given idea or character. Experimenting with adapting rhythmic patterns by changing either the dynamics, tempo or instrument. Selecting and creating short sequences of sound with voices or instruments	 Suggesting and implementing improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary. Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion, and looping. 	 Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence. Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work. Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and texture. Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary.
Sequencing	Playing sounds at the relevant	Playing and combining sounds under the direction of a leader (the teacher).	Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi- layered composition in a given style (pentatonic).	Combining rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using all the

point in a storytelling	 Working collaboratively to combine different sounds by either turn-taking or by playing sounds at the same time. 	Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a clear structure.	 inter-related dimensions of music to add musical interest. Composing an original song, incorporating lyric writing, melody writing and the composition of accompanying features, within a given structure.
-------------------------	---	--	---

PERFORMING						
	EYFS	Year 1 / 2	Year 3 / 4	Year 5 / 6		
Understanding and evaluating performance	Beginning to say what they liked about others' performances	Offering positive feedback on others' performances.	Offering constructive feedback on others' performances.	Using musical vocabulary to offer constructive and precise feedback on others' performances.		
Awareness of music	n/a	Starting to maintain a steady beat throughout short singing performances.	Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency.	Performing by following a conductor's cues and directions.		
Awareness of self	 Facing the audience when performing. Spontaneously expressing feelings around performing. 	 Keeping head raised when singing. Keeping instruments still until their part in the performance. Standing or sitting appropriately when performing or waiting to perform. 	Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group.		

		Beginning to acknowledge their own feelings around performance.		Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance.
Awareness of others	 Performing actively as part of a group. Demonstrating being a good audience member, by looking, listening and maintaining attention. 	 Performing actively as a group, clearly keeping in time with the beat. Following a leader to start and end a piece appropriately. 	Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance.	 Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group. Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance.