

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Pearl Class – EYFS					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
• Feature • Above • Building • House • Lake • Park • Pirate • Route • Treasure • Aerial • Car park • Field • Identify • Look • Path • River • Search • Village • Bird's eye view • Direction • Find • Journey • Map • Photograph		• Road • Town • Acorn • Bent • Colour • Feather • Freezing • Hard • Long • Notice • Rough • Short • Small • Sour • Straight • Sunny • Touch • Winter • Autumn • Big • Dark • Feel • Frosty • Hot • Look		• Sweet • Summer • Spiky • Smell • Snow • See • Observe • Twig • Bark • Bright • Dry • Flower • Gentle • Leaf • Loud • Rain • Seed • Soft • Sound • Spring • Sun • Tickly • Wet • Road	
The class teacher adapts the vocabulary used based on the children's prior knowledge and interests.					

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Ruby Class (Year 1 & 2) – Cycle A

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY
<u>What is it like here?</u>	<u>How am I making history?</u>	<u>What is the weather like in the UK?</u>	<u>How have toys changed?</u>	<u>What can you see at the coast?</u>	<u>How did we learn to fly?</u>
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
• Village • Town • City • Land • Sea • Place • Country • Aerial photograph • Distance • Improve • Locate • North • Ariel view • Features • Key • Location • Survey • Atlas • Directional language • Globe • Map • Questionnaire • Symbol	• Celebrate • Childhood • Family • Lifetime • Now • Remember • Time capsule • Celebration • Different • Future • Living memory • Present • Significant • Timeline • Change • Event • Grandparent • Memory • Past • Similar	• Atlas • Compass • Direction • Location • Season • Weather • Capital city • Continent • Land • Map • Temperature • Weather vane • Climate • Country • Locate • Rain gauge • Thermometer	• Artefact • Different • Memory • Past • Similar • Century • Evidence • Modern • Present • Source • Decade • Living memory • Now • Remember • Special	• Aerial photograph • Cliff • Continent • Fieldwork • Human feature • Location • Physical feature • River • Tally chart • Village • Country • Island • Lake • Locate • Pictogram • Sand dunes • Tourist • Data collection • Harbour • Landmark • Ocean • Pier • Sea • Town	• Beyond living memory • Decade • Evidence • Eyewitness • Flight • Historic • Historically significant • Inventor • Living memory • Past • Present • Primary source • Source

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Ruby Class (Year 1 & 2) – Cycle B					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY
<u>Where am I?</u>	<u>What is history?</u>	<u>Would you prefer to live in a hot or cold place?</u>	<u>How was school different in the past?</u>	<u>What is it like to live in Shanghai?</u>	<u>What is a monarch?</u>
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
• Aerial photograph • Beach • Country • Feature • Forest • Lake • Location • Museum • Photograph • Position • Present • Route • Shop • Village • Ariel view • Car park • Directional language • Feelings • Hill • Land • Map • North • Place • Post office • River • School grounds	• Change • Event • Grandparent • Living memory • Past • Scrapbook • Childhood • Family • History • Memory • Present • Similar • Different • Future • Holiday • Now • Remember • Timeline	• Urban • Rural • Arid • Vegetation • Grasslands • Rainforest • Polar • Mild • Continent • Equator • Human feature • Locate • Ocean • Temperature • Compass • Desert • Land • Physical feature • Sea • Thermometer	• Past • Different • Important • Living memory • Decade • Timeline • Decade • Similar • Evidence • Beyond living memory • Date • Present • Modern • Source • Preferred	• Continent • Country • Different • Directional language near, far, behind etc. • Key • Human feature • Similar • Symbol	• Absolute monarchy • Archbishop of Canterbury • Bailey • Bayeux Tapestry • Constitutional monarchy • Crowning • Edward the Confessor • Government • Head of State • Keep • Motte • Normandy • Orb • Power • Sceptre • Walls • Anglo-Saxon • Armed forces • Battle • Ceremony • Conquer • Defend • Invade

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

• Symbol • Atlas • City • Farm • Fieldwork • House • Locate • Mountain • Ocean • Pond • Postcard • Roundabout • Sea • Town					• Fortified manor house • Harold Godwinson, Earl of Wessex • Moat • Motte-and-bailey • Normans • Parliament • Procession • Stone keep • William of Normandy • Anointing • Attack • Battlements • Concentric castle • Coronation • Earl • Gatehouse • Harald Hardrada • Investing • Monarch • Nobility • Oath • Portcullis • Rule • Tower • Witan
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Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Sapphire Class (Year 3 & 4) - Cycle A					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY
Why do people live near volcanoes?	Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Bronze Age or Iron Age?	Who Lives in Antarctica?	Why did the Romans settle in Britain?	How hard was it to invade & settle in Great Britain?	What are rivers and how are they used?
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
• Active volcano • Crust • Epicentre • Fault-block mountain • Geothermal energy • Inner core • Magma chamber • Metamorphic rock • Plate boundary • Sedimentary rock • Tectonic plate • Volcanic mountain • Climate change • Dormant volcano • Extinct volcano • Fertile soil • Igneous rock • Outer core • Man-made rock • Natural rock • Positive effects • Seismic waves • Tsunami • Volcanic springs • Composite volcano	• Stone Age • Prehistory • Romans • Tudors • Palaeolithic • Skara Brae • Evidence • Stonehenge • Flint • Differences • Tin • Export • Change • King/chief • BC • Ancient Egypt • Anglo-Saxons • Victorians • Mesolithic • Settlement • Limitations • Artefacts • Duration	• Climate • Climate zone • Compass points • Direction • Drifting ice • Hemisphere • Ice sheet • Ice shelf • Iceberg • Lines of latitude • Lines of longitude • Treaty	• Boudicca • Empire • Inference • Invasion • Legacy • Romans • Settlers	• Angles • Empire • Kingdom • Pope • Settlement • Britons • Inference • Missionary • Romans • Settlers • Convert • Invasion • Paganism • Saxons • Vikings	• Condensation • Evaporation • Groundwater • Meander • Precipitation • Transpiration • Water cycle • Delta • Flooding • Irrigation • Oxbow lake • River mouth • Tributary • Waterfall • Estuary • Floodplain • Leisure • Percolation • Source • Valley

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

• Earthquake • Fault line • Fold mountain • Index • Magma • Mantle • Negative effects • Pyroclastic flow • Shield volcano • Vent	• AD • Ancient Greece • Vikings • Period • Neolithic • Archaeological evidence • Amesbury Archer • Deduction • Similarities • Copper • Import • Barter • Tribes				
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Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Sapphire Class (Year 3 & 4) - Cycle B					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
HISTORY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	GEOGRAPHY
How did the achievements of the Maya civilisation influence their society and beyond	How have children's lives changed?	Why are rainforests important to us?	What did the ancient Egyptians believe?	Are all settlements the same?	Where does our food come from?
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
Information to follow	• Childhood • Chronological order • Apprentice • Master • Secondary source • Gin • Domestic • Factory Acts • Ragged schools • Reform • Plague • Cholera • Continuity • Inference • Chaffing wheat • Oath • Trapper • Textile mills • Working conditions • Parliament • Poverty • Leisure time • Smallpox • Treatments • Change	• Analyse • Canopy layer • Deforestation • Enquiry • Global Warming • Interpret • Logging • Present • Risk • Tropic of Capricorn • Vegetation • Biome • Community • Drought • Equator • Greenhouse gas • Lianas • Method • Questionnaire • Route • Tropic of Cancer • Vegetation belts • Buttress roots • Data • Emergent layer	• Afterlife • Book of the Dead • Civilisation • Historically significant • Immortal • Mummification • Preserve • Ra • River Nile • Sarcophagus	• Agricultural land • Compare • Dispersed • Legend • Memorial • Nucleated • Region • Transportation • Capital city • Country border • Facilities • Linear • Metro • Place of worship • Residential land • Commercial land • County • Land use • Local • Monument • Recreational land • Settlement	• Air freight • Distribution • Food bank • Import • Qualitative • Responsible trade • Seasonal food • Trade • Carbon footprint • Export • Food miles • Pesticides • Quantitative • Sample size • Source • Trend • Consume • Fertiliser • Grant • Produce • Reliability • Scale bar • Sustainability

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

	• Observation • Hot seat • Primary source • Hurrier/hurrying • Bird scarer • Historically significant • Government • Bill • Compare • Flu • Vaccination	• Forest floor • Indigenous peoples • Lines of latitude • Mining • Quote • Summerise • Understorey layer			
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Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Emerald Class (Year 5 & 6) - Cycle A					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
HISTORY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	GEOGRAPHY
British history: Were the Vikings raiders, traders or settlers?	British History: What was life like in Tudor England?	Would you like to live in the desert?	British History: What was the impact of World War 2 on the people of Britain?	Can I Carry Out an Independent Fieldwork Enquiry?	Why do oceans matter?
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
• Achievement • Balance viewpoint • Exchange • Impact • Impression • Invader • Jorvik • Leif Erikson • Raider • Saga • Settler • Sterotype • Trade route • Viking	• Tudor • Elizabeth of York • Fair • Portrait • Secondary source • Anne Boleyn • Anne of Cleaves • Heir • Propaganda • Historical deductions • Purpose • Reconstruction • Merchant • Cattelena of Almondsbury • Tournament • Battle of Bosworth • Henry VIII • Ruler • Interpretation • Bias • Catherine of Aragon • Katherine Howard • Evidence	• Agriculture • Barren • Desert • Flash flood • Mushroom rock • Nature reserve • Renewable energy • Sparse • Vegetation • Airstrip • Biome • Desertification • Mesa • National park • Rainfall • Salt flat • Time zone • Weather • Arid • Climate • Drought • Mining • Natural arch • Ranching • Sand dune	• Accuracy • Air raid • Battle of Britain • Bias • The Blitz • Evacuation • Evacuee • Impact • Propaganda • Purpose • Reliability	• Analyse • Data • Evidence • Issue • Presenting • Region • Subjective • Audience • Data collection methods • Impact • Justify • Process • Risk • Viewpoint • City • Enquiry • Improvement • Plot • Recommendation • Route	• Atmosphere • Coral bleaching • Digital map • Ecosystem • Habitat • Microplastics • Policy • Species • Biodegradable • Coral reef • Disposable • Erosion • Homan footprint • Natural disaster • Renewable energy • Water cycle • Buffer • Decompose • Ecology • Geology • Marine • Ocean current • Single use plastic

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

	• Image • Reliability • Accuracy • Inventory • Pewter • Free •	• Tourist attraction • Henry VII • Tyrant • Monarch • Primary source • Historical investigation • Jane Seymour • Katherine Parr • Royal Progress • Litter • Audience • Creator • Valuation • John Blanke • Enslaved			
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Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

Emerald Class (Year 5 & 6) – Cycle B					
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY
Where Does Our Energy Come From?	What does the census tell us about our local area?	What is life like in the Alps?	What did the Greeks ever do for us?	Unheard histories: Who should feature on the £10.00 banknote?	Why does population change?
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
• Biofuel • Contour line • Emissions • Natural gas • Prime Meridian • Renewable • Solar power • Windpower • Coal • Crude oil • Energy source • Non-renewable • Producer • Replenish • Time zone • Six-figure grid reference • Consumption • Dam • Hydropower • Nuclear power • Regenerate • Sea level • Urban planner	• Bobbins • Census • Enumeration books • Flax linen • Head of household • Observation • Reconstruct • Shilling • Textiles • Can-hooker • Comparing • Enumerator • Flax mill spinner • Inference • Overlooker • Schedule • Suffragette • William Dodd • Carding • Condition • Flax • Governess • Joiner	• Atlas • Coniferous trees • Enquiry • Hemisphere • Latitude • Method • OS map • Questionnaire • Risk • Temperate • Tourist • Climate • Data • Fold mountain • Human feature • Leisure • Mountain climate • Physical feature • Sea level • Route • Temperate forest • Vegetation • Glacier • Deciduous trees	• Assembly • Constitutional monarchy • Democracy • Direct democracy • Ethics • Government • Period • Philosophy • Oligarchy • Representative democracy	• Alan Turing • Criteria • Issuing bank • Historically significant • Jane Austen • Joseph William Turner • Remarkable • Remembered • Watermark • Winston Churchill • Lily Parr • Betty Snowball	• Air pollution • Climate • Death rate • Digital technologies • Impact • Likert scale • Natural increase • Population density • Push factors • Refugee • Voluntary • Birth rate • Climate change • Deforestation • Fossil fuels • Improvements • Migrants • Noise pollution • Population distribution • Qualitative • Region • Cartogram • Conclusions

Alfriston School – History & Geography Key Vocabulary

	• Piecer • Scholar • Textile mill • Yarn	• Climate change • Land height • Longitude • Mountain range • Population • Recreational land use • Scale • Tourism			• Densely populated • Greenhouse gases • Involuntary • Migration • Population • Pull factors • Quantitative • Sparsely populated
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